Influence of a biomimetic gelatin porous scaffold in chondrogenic and osteogenic differentiation of mesenchymal stem cells

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Recently, tissue engineering has merged with stem cell technology to develop new sources of transplantable material for injury or disease treatment. Eminently interesting, are bone and joint injuries/disorders because of the low self-regenerating capacity of the matrix secreting cells, particularly chondrocytes (1). Gelatin based scaffolds are considered to be a highly suitable 3D material for tissue regeneration, due to high biocompatibility and adaptation to native tissues.

In the present study, the chondrogenic and osteogenic potential of a porous gelatin based scaffold (2), alone or in combination with hydroxyapatite crystals, was investigated in human mesenchymal stem cells.

Cells were culture up to 4 weeks on the scaffold and on monolayer. MTT assay was performed to evaluate cell viability, light and transmission electron microscopy were carried out to demonstrate cell colonization inside the porous architecture of the biomaterial and scaffold adhesion. The expression of chondrogenic markers such as SOX9, collagen type II, aggregan and versican and osteogenic markers such as Collagen type I, Runx -2, osteopontin and bone matrix protein, were investigated by Real Time PCR.

Results showed an high cell viability, adhesion and colonization of the scaffold. Real Time PCR data demonstrated an up-regulation of all the chondrogenic and osteogenic markers analyzed.

In conclusion, gelatin porous scaffold provides an improved environment for chondrogenic and osteogenic differentiation of stem cells compared to cell monolayer culture system.

References

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Keywords

Tissue engineering, chondrogenic markers, osteogenic markers, ultrastructure.